

Annex 1. The nine case studies, their project descriptions, and ambitions.

	Project	City & country	Short project description	Community involvement ambitions
1	Maidencraig Natural Flood Management Master Plan	Aberdeen, UK	Developing flood measures for the Denburn watercourse together with local stakeholders (e.g. school)	Consultation with residents before the establishment of the project
2	Urban Living Lab Sint-Anneke Plage	Antwerp, BE	Upgrading the <i>Sint-Anneke Plage</i> (left bank Scheldt River), a socially and economically declining area, through the creation of green infrastructures	Bottom-up design of green infrastructure as a prototype for a large strategic project where all the stakeholders are involved and on the same page
3	Mindemyren Redevelopment	Bergen, NO	Construction of a lightrail and redevelopment of a former industrial area into a residential area, including creation of green infrastructures	Communication and collaboration with local communities to legitimise the project
4	Bradford Beck restoration	Bradford, UK	Restoration of the Bradford Beck, a small (and currently largely hidden) river system through the City of Bradford. Related to the Bradford Shipley Route Improvement Scheme that aims to upgrade the main roads between Bradford and Shipley	Ensuring the green infrastructure is implemented by including communities that are not usually engaged with Bradford Council
5	Vogelbuurt Redevelopment	Dordrecht, NL	Upgrading the <i>Vogelbuurt</i> neighbourhood, which faces flood risks and social problems, through the creation of infrastructures	Transform existing ecological zone into City Park with current and future stakeholders
6	Pymmes Brook catchment	Enfield, UK	Improve the catchment (developing sustainable urban drainage system and recreation opportunities), co-management by local community	Getting local people involved in caring for their environment
7	Frihamnen Redevelopment	Gothenburg, SE	Redevelopment of a former harbour area into a residential and business area, including the creation of green infrastructures	Increase the interest in Frihamnen through co-design
8	Inter-departmental collaboration within LSBG	Hamburg, DE	Involving other municipal departments in the development of sustainable urban drainage systems	None.
9	George V Park and Bell Road	Kent, UK	Developing sustainable urban drainage system at two sites Developing sustainable urban drainage system at two sites	Sustainable long-term maintenance delivered by community group

Annex 2. Questionnaires.

Online questionnaire, December 2018	Potential answers
1. How many stakeholders are in total involved in the project?	
2. Which stakeholders are involved in the project? You can think of citizen groups,	

NGOs, businesses, and other governments.	
3. Did you work together with these stakeholders in previous projects?	Yes No
4. Are there any (groups of) stakeholders missing in the project?	
5. According to you, in which of the following phases is citizen participation important? Design Delivery Maintenance	Strongly agree – Somewhat agree – Neither agree nor disagree – Somewhat disagree – Strongly disagree
6. What is your motivation to collaborate with stakeholders in the project?	A greater legitimacy of the project Access to a greater resources pool More efficient We get things started It is a mandatory requirement

Questions on the handouts used during workshop in Bradford, 19 September 2019
1. What is the participation ambition of the project?
2. What sub-goals are defined?
3. What policy instruments are employed to reach these ambitions?
4. What is the expected effect of the instrument?
5. How would you rate the effectiveness of the instrument? (scale of 1-10)
6. Why is the effectiveness ranked as such?
7. What changes are made to instrument along the way?